Large-scale Cross-Document Coreference Using Distributed Inference and Hierarchical Models

Sameer Singh¹ Amarnag Subramanya² Fernando Pereira² Andrew McCallum¹

¹University of Massachusetts, Amherst MA

²Google Research, Mountain View CA

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Contributions:

- Cross-doc coreference on large datasets in a scalable way
- Perform distributed inference using MapReduce

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1.5 million mentions, 500 machines, 38% error reduction

Outline

- 1 Cross-Document Coreference Problem Formulation Graphical Model Inference
- ② Distributed Inference Proposal Independence Parallelization Experiments
- 3 Hierarchical Models
 Super-Entities
 Sub-Entities
 Experiments
- 4 Large-Scale Experiments

Coreference Problem

```
...60's and early 70's, Kevin Smith worked with...

...hip-hop is attributed to Lovebug Starski. What does it...

...filmmaker Kevin Smith returns to the role of Silent Bob...

...more irrelevant to Kevin Smith's audacious "Dogma" than...

...the Lions drafted Kevin Smith, even though Smith was badly...

...backfield in the wake of Kevin Smith's knee injury, and the addition...

...were coming," said Dallas cornerback Kevin Smith. "We just...
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Coreference Problem



The random variables are entities (E) and mentions (M)

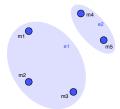
The random variables are entities (E) and mentions (M) For any assignment to entities $(E = \mathbf{e})$, we define the model score:

$$p(\mathbf{e}) \propto \exp \sum_{e \in \mathbf{e}} \left\{ \underbrace{\sum_{m,n \in e} \psi_a^{mn}}_{\text{affinity}} + \underbrace{\sum_{m \in e,n \notin e} \psi_r^{mn}}_{\text{repulsion}} \right\}$$

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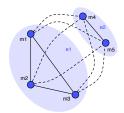
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For the following configuration,



$$p(e_1, e_2) \propto \exp \left\{ \begin{array}{cc} \psi_a^{12} + \psi_a^{13} + \psi_a^{23} + \psi_a^{45} \\ + \psi_r^{15} + \psi_r^{25} + \psi_r^{35} \\ + \psi_r^{14} + \psi_r^{24} + \psi_r^{34} \end{array} \right\}$$

Maximum a posteriori (MAP) Inference

We want to find the best configuration according to the model,

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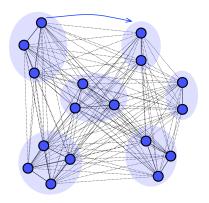
Computational bottlenecks:

- **1** Space over all **e** is Bell Number(n) in number of mentions
- 2 Evaluating model score for each $E = \mathbf{e}$ is $O(n^2)$

Use MCMC sampling to perform MAP Inference

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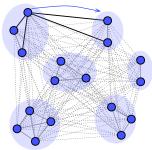
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$$\log \frac{p(\mathbf{e}')}{p(\mathbf{e})} = \sum_{m \in e_t} \psi_a^{lm} + \sum_{n \in e_s} \psi_r^{ln} - \sum_{m \in e_t} \psi_r^{lm}$$

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- Efficient, and scales well with model complexity

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Disadvantages

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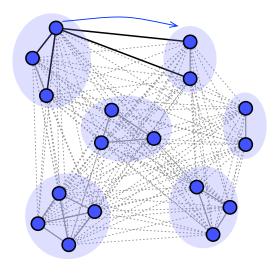
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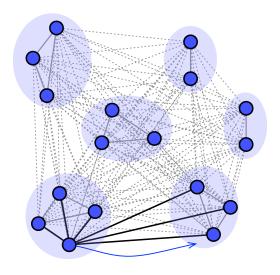
Disadvantages

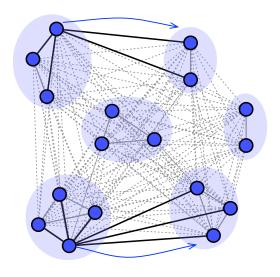
- Proportion of good proposals is small
- Can take a very large number of samples to converge

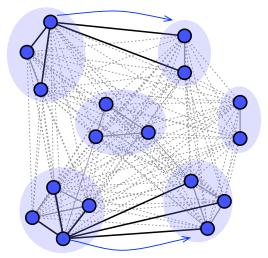
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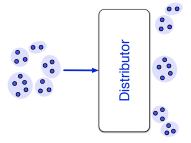


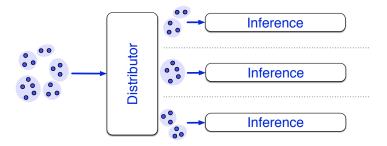


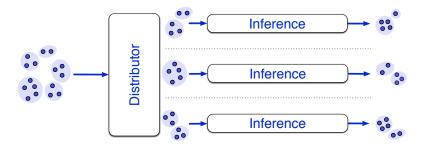


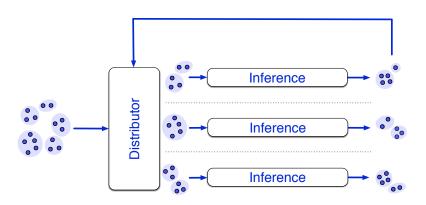


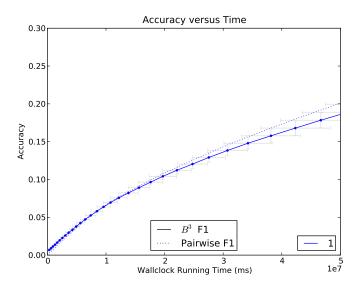
These two proposals can be evaluated (and accepted) in parallel.

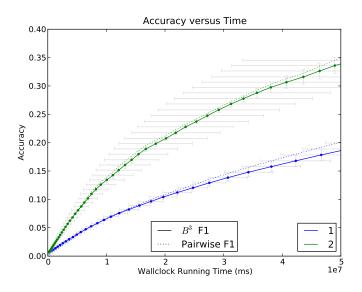


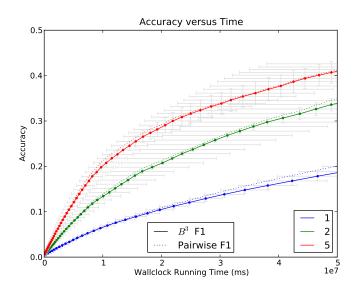


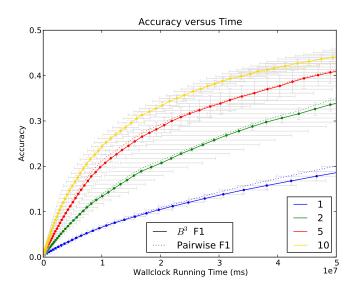


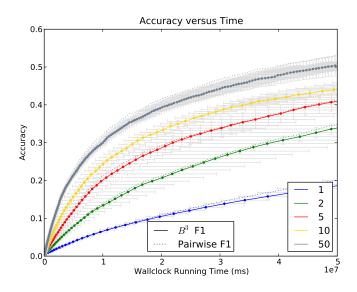








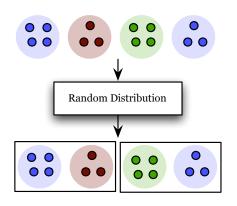




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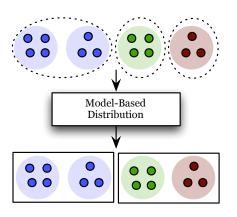
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Improving the Distribution



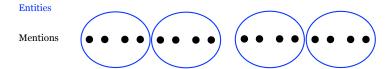
- Random distribution may not assign similar entities to the same machine
- Probability that similar entities will be assigned to the same machine is small

Improving the Distribution

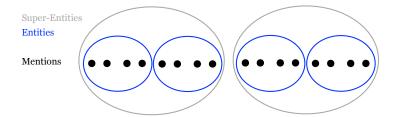


- Include Super-Entities
- Entities in the same super-entity are assigned the same machine

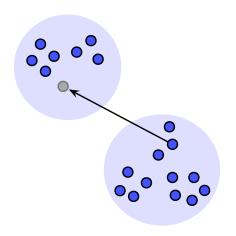
Super-Entities



Super-Entities

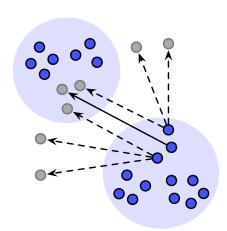


Within each Worker



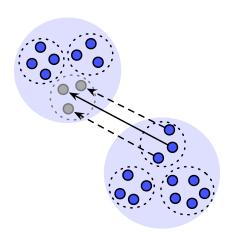
 Consider an accepted move for a mention

Within each Worker



- Ideally, *similar* mentions should also move to the same entity
- Default proposal function does not utilize this
- Good proposals become more rare with larger datasets

Within each Worker

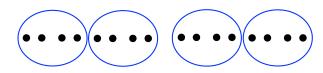


- Include Sub-Entities
- Propose moves of mentions in a sub-entity simultaneously

Sub-Entities

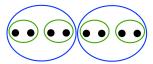
Entities

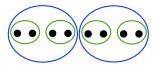
Mentions



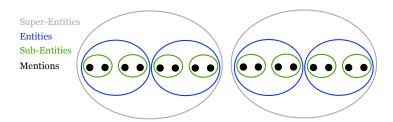
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Entities Sub-Entities Mentions

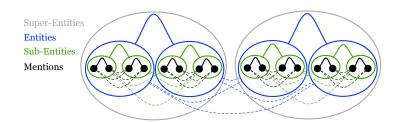




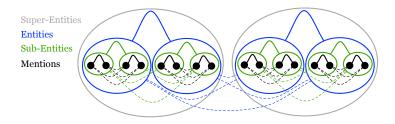
Hierarchical Representation



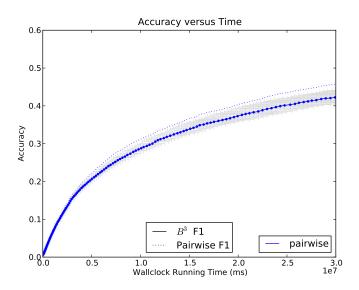
Hierarchical Representation

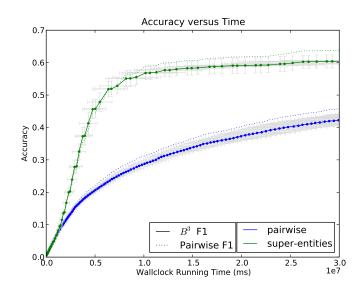


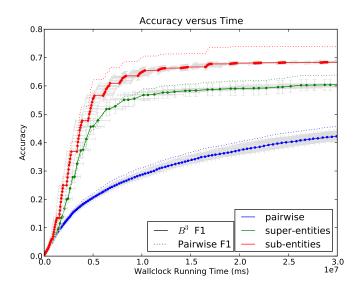
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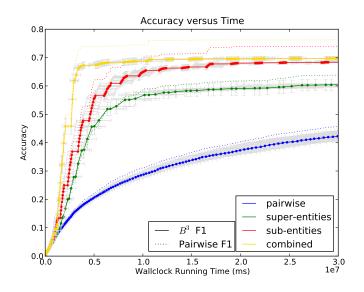


Sampling: Fix variables of two levels, sample the remaining level









Outline

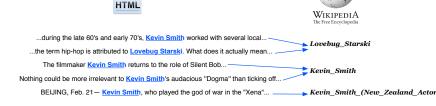
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Wikipedia Link Data

 Automatically annotated dataset without compromising on label quality

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- treat links (and context) as mentions and target as entity label
- ∼1.5 million mentions

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 - Mention with identical mention strings are considered coreferent
 - Often used as approximate cross-document coreference

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- Related work performs clustering on the mentions
- Distributed clustering with same distance as ours
- Subsquare is a graph-based approach [Bshouty & Long, ICML 2010]

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Unique Strings	30.0 / 66.7	41.5	82.7 / 43.8	57.3
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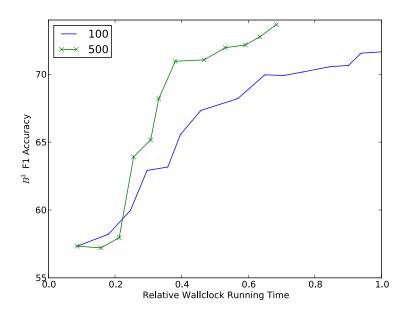
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Our Model	44.2 / 61.4	51.4	89.4 / 62.5	73.7



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Future Work:

- more scalability experiments
- study mixing and convergence properties
- add more expressive factors
- supervision: labeled data, noisy evidence

Thanks!

Sameer Singh

Fernando Pereira pereira@google.com

Amarnag Subramanya asubram@google.com

Andrew McCallum mccallum@cs.umass.edu



